# It's not about the technology: legal and ethical challenges in delivering citizen-focused e-Health services

#### **Simon Gallant**

Presentation at Medetel, Luxembourg 8 April 2005

Mishcon de Reya Solicitors

### 1. Introduction

- Focus on patient privacy and confidentiality
- In context of NPfIT:
  - A broadband spine connecting all of those working in the NHS
  - An electronic patient record (to be managed by the NHS Care Records Service)
  - Booked admissions (Choose and Book)
  - Electronic prescribing
- Top down/bottom up

### e-Health and its impact on business processes

- Moving from an analogue, paper based world to networked health advice and services
- Communicating from one to many
- Having information available whenever and whenever it is needed
- Improved standards of care for patients
- Creating and deploying structures from the top/down

## 3. e-Health – the legal context

#### **Traditionally:**

- You can do whatever you like unless there is a law against it. Approach been based on pragmatism
- Compare jargon about "citizen empowerment" and Englishman's status as subject to Her Majesty

### **Present approach:**

- Data Protection Act 1998
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Freedom of Information Act 2000

## 4. Data Protection Act 1998- some further detail

- Personal data must be processed in accordance with the eight principles of the Act.
- It must be processed "fairly and lawfully"
- If sensitive personal data, there must be:
  - Explicit consent to the processing of the personal data; and
  - The processing is necessary for medical purposes and is undertaken by health professional (or person who owes equivalent duty of confidentiality)

## 4. Data Protection Act 1998- some further detail (Continued)

An individual is entitled to stop or restrict data processing on the ground that:

- The processing is likely to cause substantial damage or substantial distress to him or to another, and
- That damage or distress is or would be unwarranted

Does or should this provision give any meaningful rights to a patient to opt out of some or all of his health record being placed on the electronic spine by the NHS?

## 5. Privacy and confidentiality

- Human Rights Act 1998:
  - Respect for his private and family life
  - Except for the protection of health
- Common law obligation to keep patient consultations confidential.

### 6. The law just gets in the way

- We have a beautiful idea
- The idea is being implemented
- There has been little involvement or regard for patients
- Positions are becoming polarised

### 7. Moving towards a solution?

- Winning hearts and minds
- Talk to the medics
- Promote a debate with the public
- Discourage driving parties to extreme positions
- Emphasise the need for pragmatism
- Good news is coming

### **Simon Gallant**

## Presentation at Medetel, Luxembourg 8 April 2005

Mishcon de Reya Solicitors