



SIXTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME PRIORITY 2.3.1.11 e-Health



COCOON (FP6 507126)

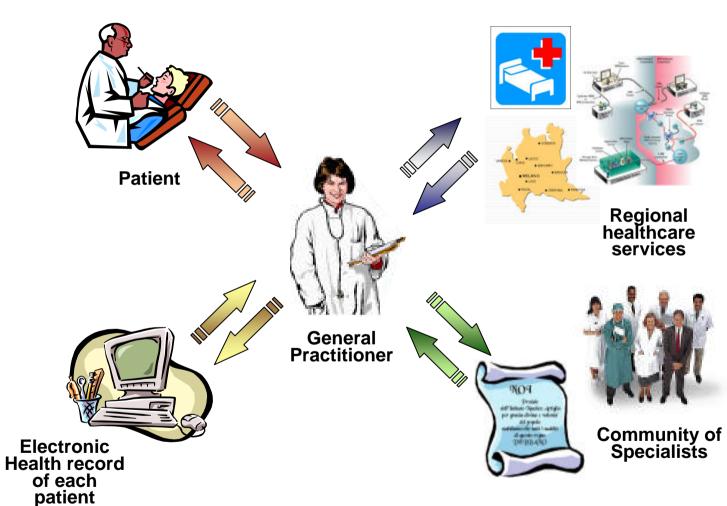
Building knowledge driven & dynamically adaptive networked communities within European healthcare systems





COCOON Problem Addressed









Research Objectives







COCOON COCOON Consortium



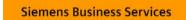




















































COCOON Expected results



- large involvement of healthcare professionals in the project trials activities;
- more than 10 EU Regions directly involved in the project trials and through eris@;
- COCOON toolset for the risk management completely tested and refined by the healthcare professionals involved in the project;
- clear business plan by the COCOON project results;
- more than 1.000 healthcare professionals trained on the **COCOON** risk management methodology and related toolset;
- more than 50.000 healthcare professionals involved in awareness activities during the project dissemination;
- a permanent observatory on risk management build up during the COCOON project activities



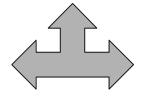
COCOON activities



Exploitation Management

Innovation Activities

Technological R&D



Socio-economic Research and Business Model Development

Pilot Activities

Demonstration

Support **Activities**

Training

Observatory for Innovative practices

Project Management









Information Society

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COCOON socio-economic and user requirement analysis





COCOON Socio-economic and user requirement analysis



SOCIO-ECONOMIC USER REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS







Prospective studies

- analysis of **HC** systems
- ICT penetration in the healthcare systems

Organisational studies

- primary care & risk management: sociological and methodological perspectives
- legal framework of risk management

User Requirement Analysis







Philosophies underpinning RM in HC



Active Patients want to negotiate their care/cure and have P2P relations with healthcare professionals

> **Empowerment** of Patients

Clinical Governance

The different players along to the care delivery chain must be cohordinate and integrated **Decision-Making and** Behaviour must be evidence-informed

Evidence-Based Medicine

> RM in HC

Distributed **Intelligence**

The knowledge spread among the various health providers must be integrated and shared

Patients and healthcare professionals must behave as in a partnership

> **Patient-Centred** Care

Continuous Medical Education

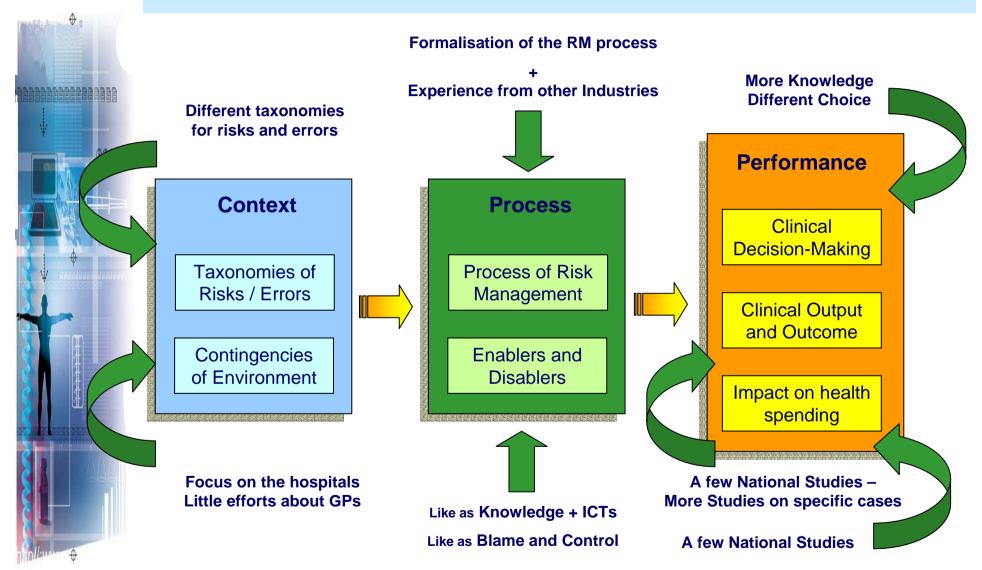
Medical knowledge grows at fast rate: a cost-effective care/cure grounds in up-to-date medical knowledge







COCOON Thematic Literature Review of RM in HC







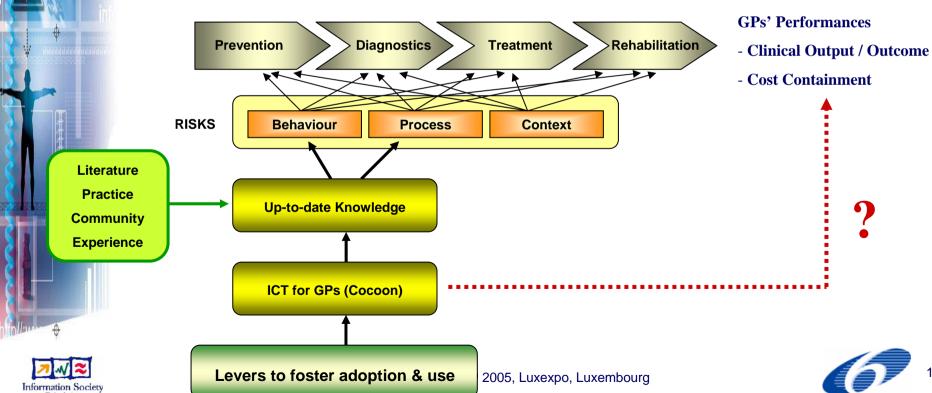


Gaps to bridged with COCOON



Within the WP1 we are trying to:

- formalise supported by the existing literature and research on the field a model that explain the linkage between ICTs adoption and risk management
- create evidence around the model itself (and the underpinning hypotheses)
- to demonstrate that Cocoon platform can and will bridge the gap !!!



COCOON URA: Objectives



AS IS analysis of the Pilots: Lombardy, Epirus Regions



Innovative, intelligent, user-friendly toolset



Effectiveness of healthcare information provision



Quality of patient care







COCOON URA: Methodology (1/2)



- Organisational context analysis
- Existing IT infrastructure analysis
- Analysis of GP/specialist activity
- Analysis of existing data
- Analysis of the EHR SW and normative rules

Definition of the field trial area



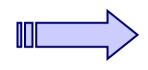




COCOON URA: Methodology (2/2)



Once defined the field trial area



Direct phone interviews to about 100 GPs/specialists belonging to the chosen field trial area

Definition of sample of **GPs**/ specialists who will take part into **COCOON** field trials and who will test COCOON platform



1st workshop: **Definition of functionalities**

2nd workshop: **Identification of COCOON** interface









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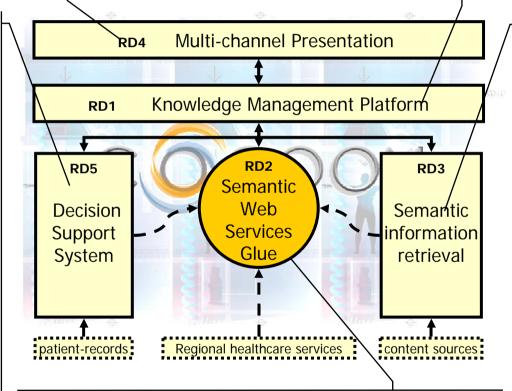
COCOON Innovative aspects COCOON Interface





a multi-channel presentation enables end-users to access the COCOON system from a wide variety of mobile devices a Knowledge Management Platform allows a General Practitioner to effortlessly interact with the COCOON system, as well as to automatically personalize the presentation of the information, and allow online collaboration with other end-users, including specialists offering their advice

Decision Support System interacts with the patient record and provides clinical guidelines in an interactive form, factually guiding a General Practitioner's decision-making during his/her interaction with a specific patient.

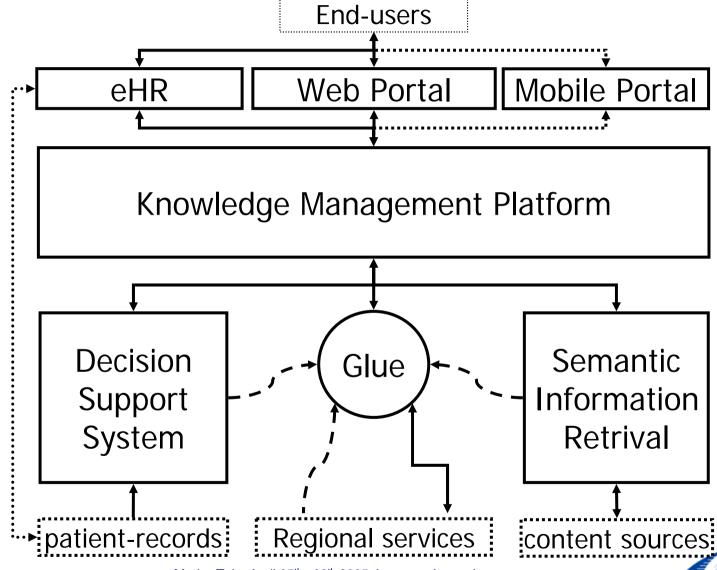


COCOON glue offers an efficient system for seamless integrating all the Web Services exposed by each RDs and external regional healthcare services

Semantic **Information** Retrieval utilizes ontology engineering for concept indexing of free-text documents, in order to provide relevant medical publications from multiple, distributed content sources

COCOON Global Framework







COCOON All for one and one for all



- All for one...
 - Each component
 - is orthogonal to the others
 - solves a specific problem of COCOON stakeholders
 - offers a clear set of related functionalities
 - adopts the best technologies for efficiently implementing them
 - Web Services technologies was chosen
 - to encapsulates the functionalities offered by each component
 - because they hide heterogeneity in platforms and technologies
 - hence simplifying composition and integration
- ... one for all
 - A flexible (semantic-based) architecture was adopted because
 - It simplifies integration of COCOON services in already deployed applications
 - It is open and allows for the integration of regional eHealth services in COCOON
 - it supports different implementation strategies



COCOON innovation aspects



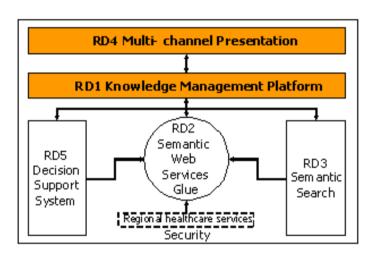
	System Generic	Component Specific
Technological	 Complete service oriented architecture Semantic Web Services discovery 	 Semantic information retrieval Grid technology for information retrieval
User Oriented	Complete knowledge management platform for eHealth	Clinical guidelines integrating pharmaceutical database

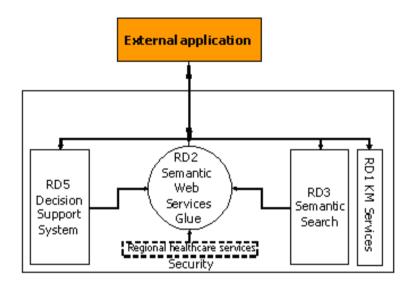




COCOON implementation strategies







implementation strategy based only on the internal components that delivers **COCOON** services via a Mobile and Web Portal, which means "zero installation, anywhere, anytime

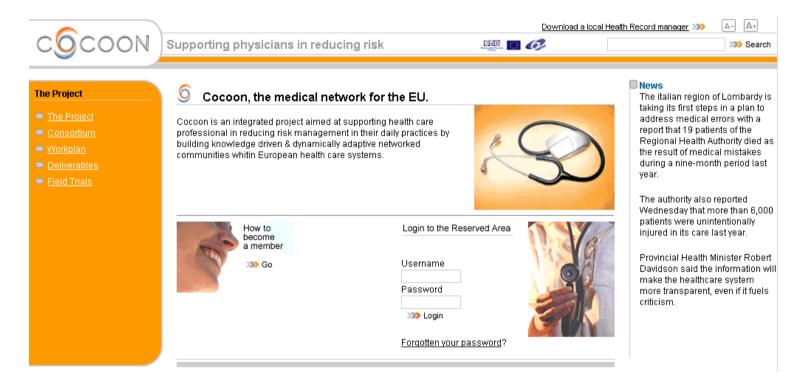
implementation strategy that embeds the COCOON functionalities in wide-spread eHRMS product, which seems to be a more comprehensive solution with a coherent look-and-feel and ergonomics





COCOON web interface: the result





- COCOON Web-based version integrated with a web-based health record collecting the clinic history of the patient, data previously collected
- the data content and format are standardised and include all information concerning the result of diagnosis and treatments and patient status



COCOON web interface: user registration



In this web application is possible to register and begin to use a Cocoon web based eHR with all Cocoon functions like SIR, DSS, COllaboration Tools, etc.







COCOON web interface: user login



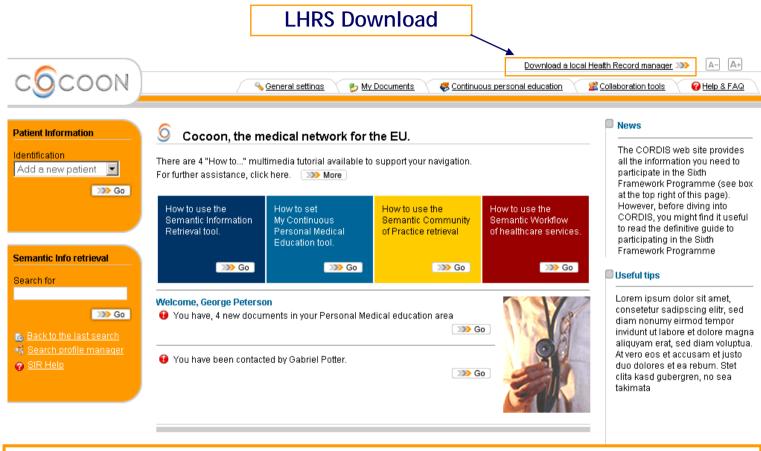






COCOON web interface: local eHR download



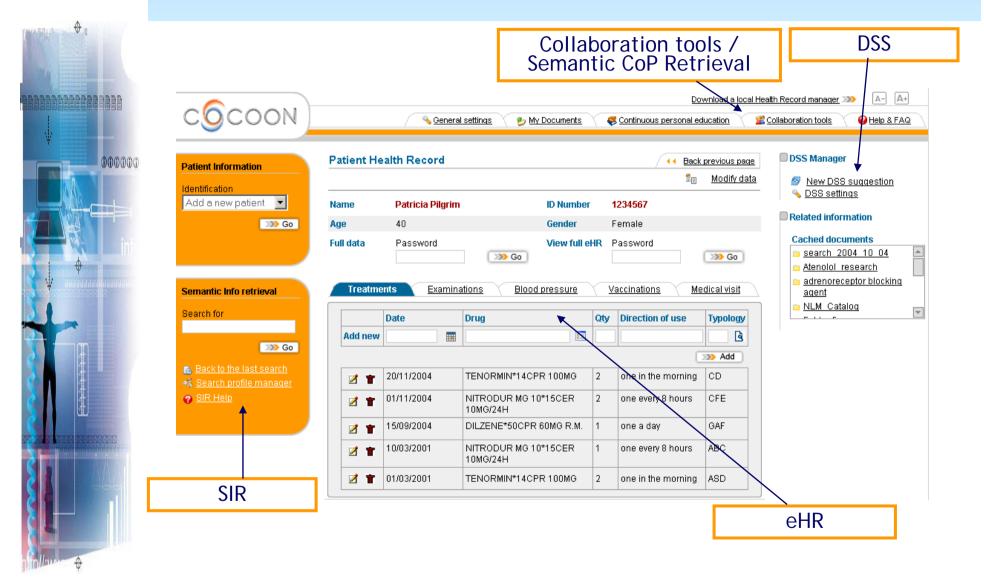


The GP always is able to download a eHRS to be installed in his personal computer.





COCOON COCOON web interface: web based eHR



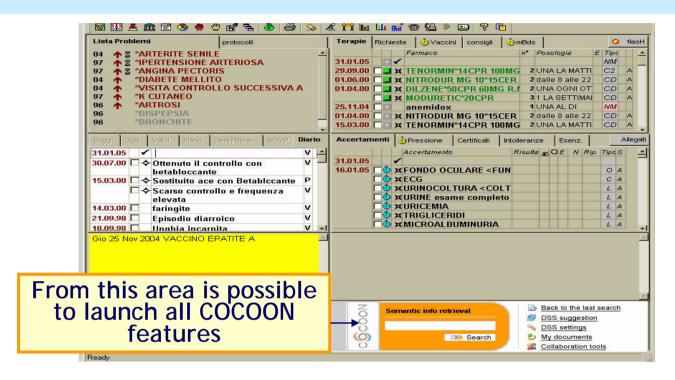






External application: the result





- COCOON functionalities in wide-spread eHRMS product
- COCOON Decision Support System will offer to the electronic patient record a set of services that will enable the enactment and follow-up of a specific clinical guideline for a specific patient
- COCOON DSS stores Clinical Guidelines in executable format and they expose services able to evaluate the patient's condition and propose future steps and enquires that the patient should perform









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COCOON care process model COCOON scenarios

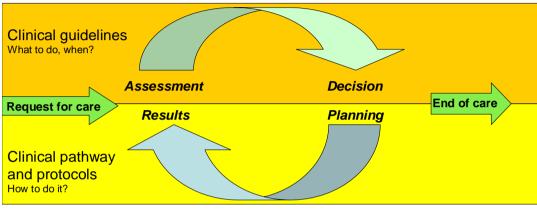


cocoon care process model and errors



Care Management

Decision making



Care Delivery & documentation

Care Delivery

Causes of errors	Frequency
Healthcare systems dysfunction	82,6 %
Main Sub-Categories of errors	Frequency
Treatment delivery lapses	23,0 %
Miscommunication	5,8 %
Wrong treatment decision	4,2 %
Wrong diagnosis	3,9 %
Gaps in knowledge and skills	13,4 %

Source: US reports about risks in Family practice





COCOON COCOON scenario: Continuous Medical Education



Continuous personal medical education (CME):

- COCOON provides general practitioners with a **Knowledge** Management platform which gives access to heterogeneous and distributed medical information. The KM platform allows the GP to homogeneously navigate the results, deepen or generalise the search and cache valuable information;
- -COCOON offers the opportunity to store query in relation to a specific medical information, so that the system can **push** to the GP new relevant documents which increase and update his/her knowledge cache

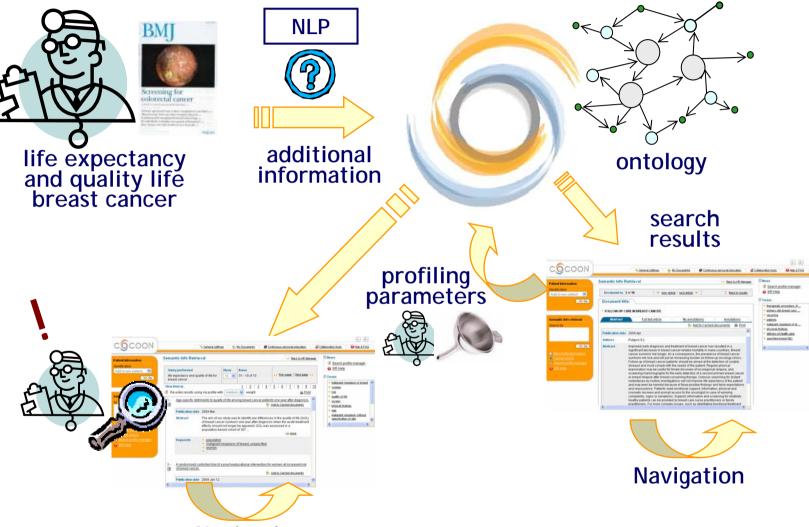
Two use cases:

- User driven semantic information search.
- Knowledge driven information notification



CME: Retrieving - Personalisation - Navigation of search results







Navigation

Med-e-Tel – April 05th - 08th 2005, Luxexpo, Luxembourg





CME: Retrieving - Personalisation - Navigation of search results (2/2)



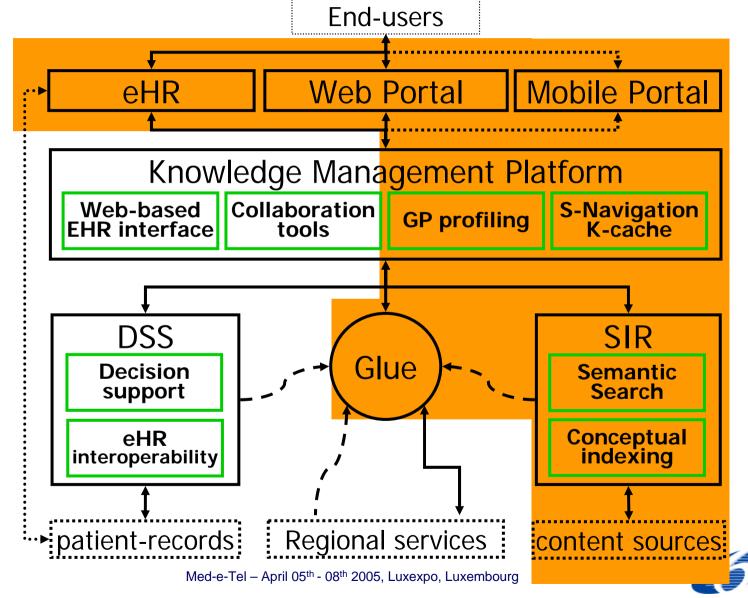
- George, a general practitioner, has lately come across an article in the British Medical Journal about life expectancy and quality of life for breast cancer:
- intrigued by the article, George decides to use COCOON platform, in order to collect additional information regarding this topic that may come useful in his future practice;
- George takes a look into COCOON Breast Cancer ontology and submits a **natural language query** inquiring about topic;
- a large amount of documents is retrieved from multiple content sources, but Georges is facilitated in navigating the results by COCOON which offers links to documents similar to a selected one, links to terminology used in indexing the document and annotations provided by the users;
- Lacking time and attention to manually inspect the numerous search results, George decides to turn the **COCOON platform** for assistance;
- George instructs COCOON platform to apply his **profiling parameters** to the search results. These are re-presented to George, filtered and sorted in a personalised way





Scenarios categories vs. COCOON components Continuous personal education scenario







COCOON scenario: Decision Support System



Decision Support System (DSS):

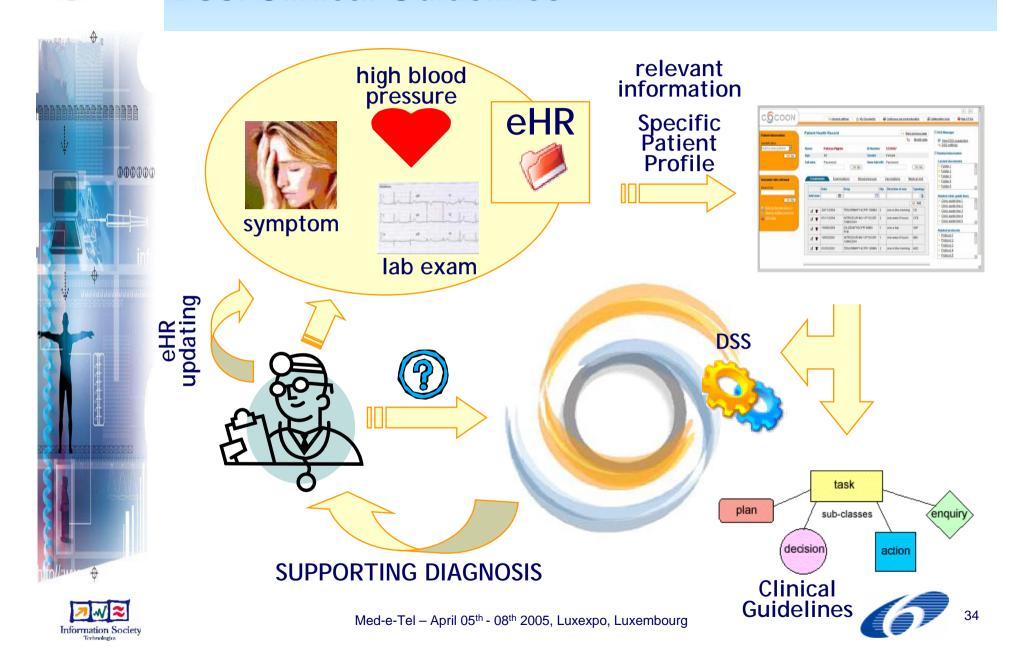
- COCOON DSS uses Clinical Guidelines, issued by medical Authorities, as a basis for designing care path. CG is transformed into steps that may include diagnostic and treatment activities. Based on patient eHR and results of previous steps, the DSS offers a set of recommendations regarding next steps to be taken;
- COCOON DSS consults **pharmaceutical databases** to match medications to patients and detect **individual counter-indications**;
- -COCOON DSS provides support to the care delivery phase preparing a care path of treatments and examinations for patient

Three use cases:

- Supporting Diagnosis and Treatment by Guiding Decision Making
- Semantic Coordination of Healthcare Services
- Remote Management of the Electronic Health Record



COCOON DSS: Clinical Guidelines





COCOON DSS: Clinical Guidelines (2/2)

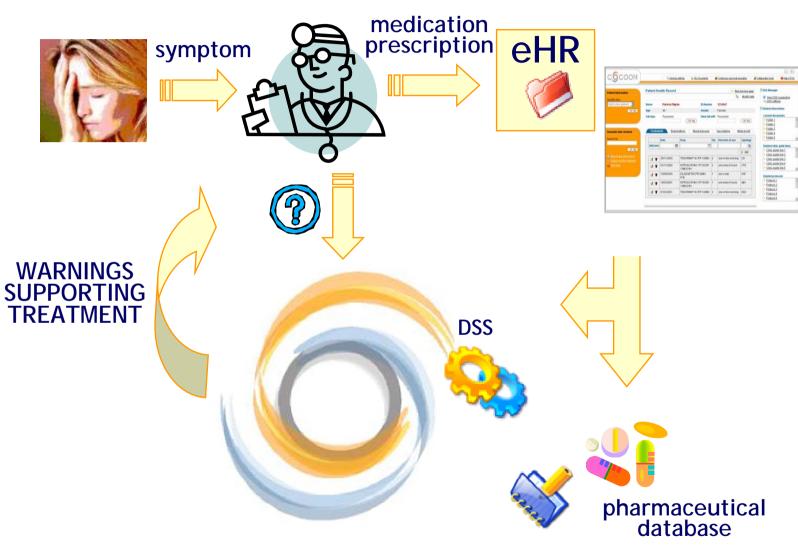


- George, a general practitioner, visits Patricia, one of his patient, who suffers from dizzy spells and balance instability;
- he finds that Patricia has high blood pressure and decides to ask for lab exams (i.e. blood exams, electrocardiogram, thyroid analysis) and gives her an "holder" for 24 hours;
- George enters Patricia's personal details into her eHR, along with the results of the lab exams (once available);
- after that, George wants to know which is the best diagnosis to follow and turns to **COCOON platform for assistance**;
- **COCOON DSS** is able to **run clinical guidelines**;
- the relevant information from Patricia's eHR is anonymously transferred to COCOON platform as Specific Patient Profile;
- COCOON platform uses this information to activate a decision support procedure;
- George is presented with various clinical guidelines for Patricia's case and selects the **most appropriate** one;
- George updates Patricia's eHR



COCOON DSS: Pharmaceutical Database









COCOON DSS: Pharmaceutical Database (2/2)



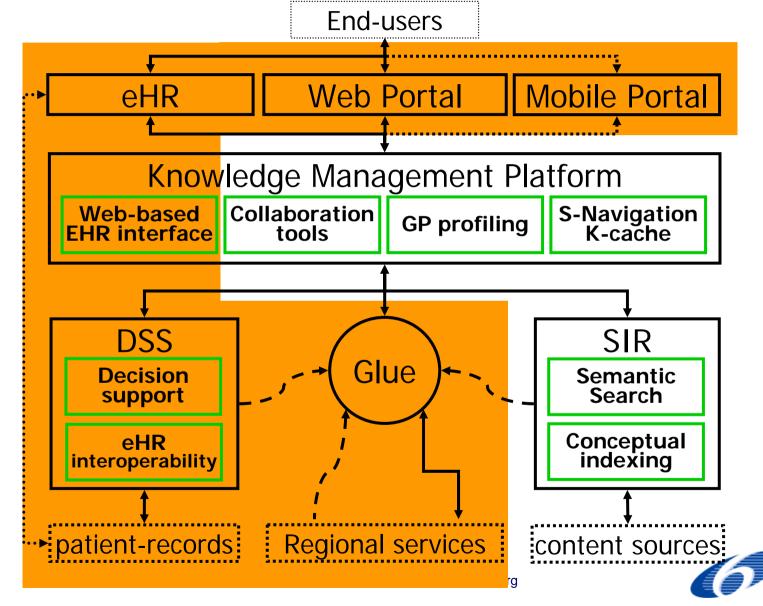
- Patricia recently started suffering from a nephropaty and she is on medication for her diagnosed hypertension;
- George examines Patricia and decides to prescribe her an additional medication in order to care nephropaty;
- George updates Patricia's eHR;
- in order to prescribe the most suitable medication, George turns to COCOON platform for assistance. The request is transferred as a query to the **Pharmaceutical Database**;
- **COCOON DSS** compares the information retrieved from the Pharmaceutical DB with the patient profile;
- George is presented with the search results that include eventual warnings in case there are medications with potential undesired side effects for Patricia or medications which are incompatible with her current treatment





Scenarios categories vs. COCOON components Decision Support System scenario







COCOON scenarios: Advice



Advice:

- COCOON aims at supporting healthcare professionals in finding the most appropriate group of experts to ask for an advice;
- once the group of experts has been identified, the involved actors can exchange information and share data via COCOON multichannel collaborative work platform. The results of the work sessions might be indexed using COCOON ontology and stored for a future use

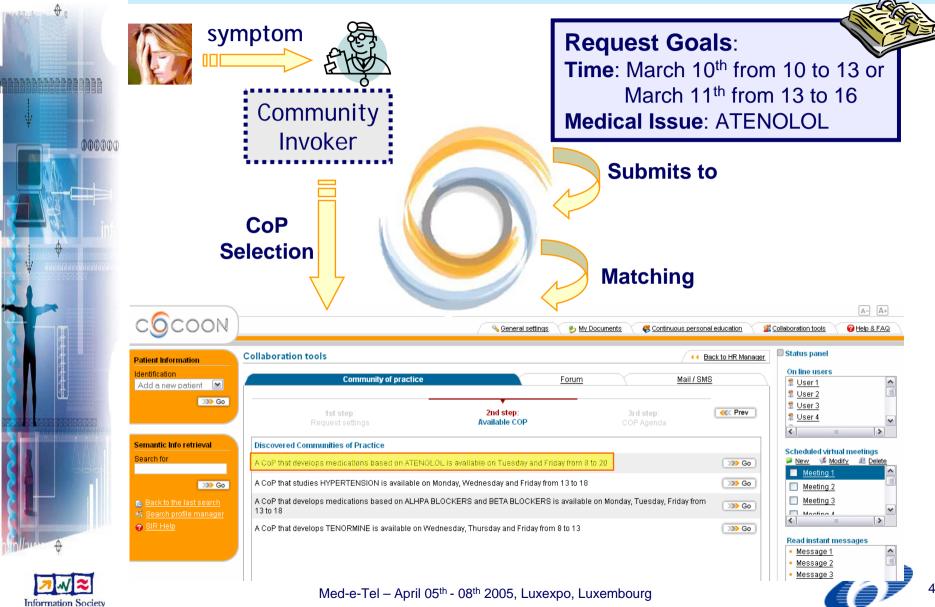
Two use cases:

- Semantic discovery of Community of Practice
- Multi-channel Collaborative Working





Advice: Discovery of Community of Practice





COCOON Advice: Discovery of Community of Practice

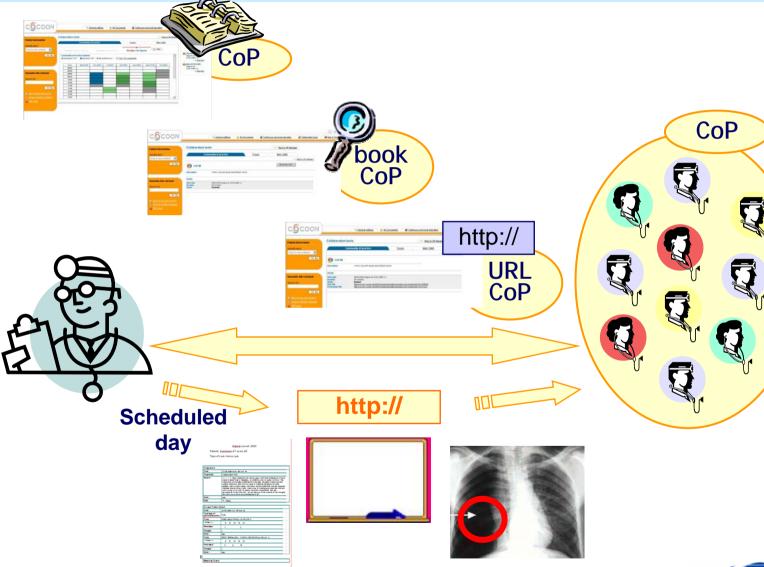


- George, a general practitioner, visits Patricia, one of his patient, who suffers from breathing difficulties after the assumption of the **medicine ATENOLOL**;
- George decides to ask for a specialist (community invoker) for an advice and turns to COCOON platform;
- George submits his **request** for asking an advice specifying knowledge of medicine ATENOLOL and time availability on March 10th (Thursday) from 10 to 13 or March 11th (Friday) from 13 to 16;
- COCOON platform matches George's request with the available advice services and the results are presented to George;
- George selects the most suitable advice service in terms of offered expertise and availability



COCOON Advice: Collaborative working











Advice: Collaborative working



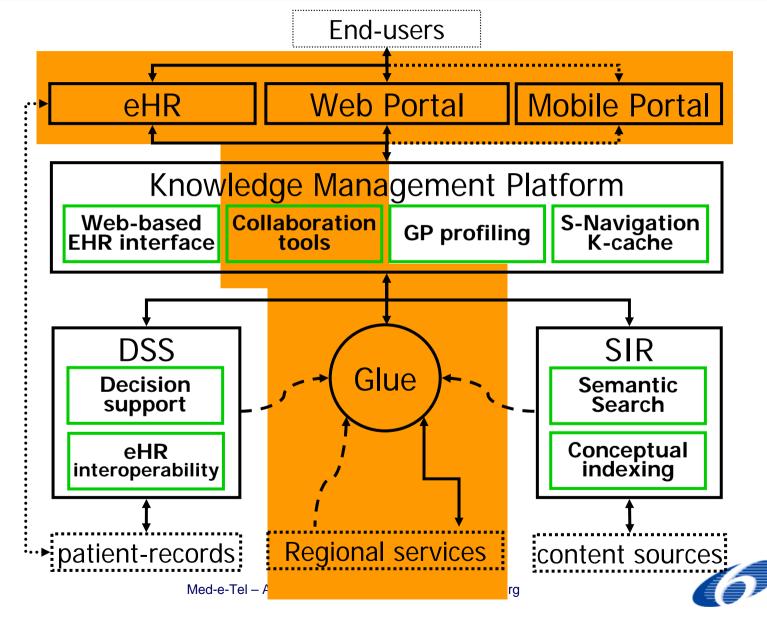
- George schedules the consultation with the selected CoP. In order to do that, George interacts with COCOON platform:
 - he sees the agenda of the selected CoP;
 - he sees the **details** of the CoP;
 - he books the CoP:
 - he sees the URL to access to the booked CoP and receives an e-mail with the same information
- On the scheduled date, George uses the URL to access to the CoP. George and the experts writes in the same whiteboard and exchange in real-time documents and images in order to increase accuracy of Patricia's diagnosis and efficiency of her treatment;
- At the end of the meeting George receives via e-mail a meeting's summary. The meeting is recorded and stored as knowledge object



COCOON

Scenarios categories vs. COCOON components Advice scenario













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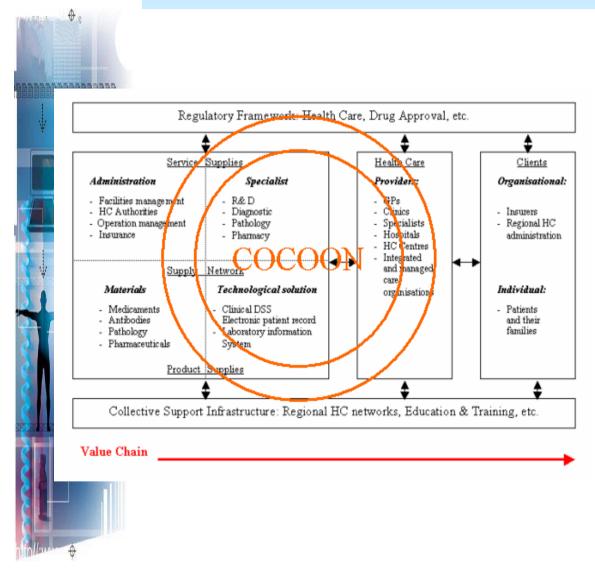


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COCOON business plan



COCOON The HC value chain The impact of COCOON



Payers to coordinate information and services across organizations, to take a more process-oriented view of health care delivery with appropriate organizational and information infrastructure

HC technological providers linking and integrating health services. Collaborative partnerships between COCOON consortium and the leading players on the referred market.

HC Practitioners - they are the main users of the COCOON system; the system will offer them the adoption of practice management tools, clinical tools and online communication systems, , the use of the decision support systems (DSS) and evidence-based care in diagnosis and treatment.





COCOON Competitive Environment **COCOON** positioning



The COCOON market is characterised by mainly 7 types of competitors:

Patient data management (Electronic medical record, Computer based patient record, electronic healthcare record)

Multi-channel delivery system (Portable devices, multiple interaction methods, multiple channels)

DSS (Simple DSS, advanced DSS, innovative DSS)

GRID solution (No GRID system, free GRID, private GRID)

Collaboration tools

(Groupware services,

communication service.

enterprise collaboration

platform)

COCOON possible competitors

Distributed system integration (ad hoc system, EAI, web services, semantic web services)

Search system (Search on a managed repository, Federated search engine, Semantic search on an ontology domain)

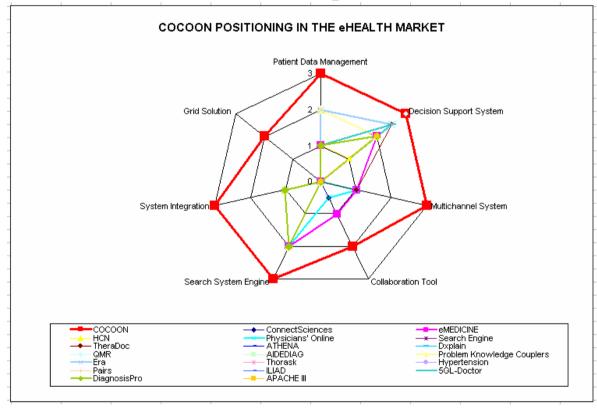




COCOON positioning COCOON positioning



The main innovative aspect of the COCOON portal is the incorporation of different functionalities and services in a single solution; all the functionalities are exposed as Web Services













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COCOON future plans





COCOON Future plans: technological development process



- Individual prototype refinement
- Platform integration
- Definition of the metrics of "performances at large":
 - actual performance of each component and of the system as a whole
 - "usability" (and matching of the components to concrete needs of the GP)
 - legal aspects connected to real-life scenarios of usage in each region
- Experimentation with user groups in the pilot regions
- Testing and validation
- Feedback from the fields





COCOON Future plans: Demonstration process



- Regional pilots
 - 3 regional pilots up and running in 2005
 - 3 more regional pilots for the beginning of 2006
 - 4 more regional pilots by the end of 2006
- Workshops and seminars (AEC in charge)
 - organisation of a conference in a European Capital (Paris, Brussels or Geneva);
 - organisation of a workshop in Paris;
 - exploitation of some COCOON deliverables by producing 4 documents in French language (to be sent to a list of 3000 subscribers at the Regional & National level)
- Training activities agreed with the regional pilots
- Domain usage extension
 - Guidelines increase
 - Pathologies increase
- COCOON portal free access, with performances indicators on COCOON platform usage, continuously updated







Thank you very much for your attention

Any question?

Contacts:

Emanuele Della Valle: dellavalle@cefriel.it

Lara Gadda: lara.gadda@polimi.it

Valentina Perdoni: valentina.perdoni@fondazioneiard.org

www.cocoon-health.com



